

BREED SURVEY (KKL) REQUIREMENTS

⇒ Character Assessment Test (WB)

⇒ Endurance Test (AD)

⇒ Hips and elbows evaluations (with allowed ratings)

+

! **Choice of IGP or BDT (ZAP)**

IGP way

ZAP way

IGP

BH-VT

- Report on leash to the judge
- Report your name and dogs name.
- On Judges instruction go to start position or long down.
- Note: you must be ready to start by the time the long down is in position.

Obedience BH-VT (On and Off Leash) On Leash 15 pts, Off Leash 15 Pts Commands: "Fuss" / "Heel"

- From; Basic Position (**on Leash**)
- Heel / Fuss out straight 50 +- paces then about turn.
- Heel / Fuss normal 10-15 paces
- Change to fast (run) 10-15 paces
- Change to slow 10-15 paces
- Change to normal pace 10-15 paces
- **Note:** you can use command Heel/Fuss at each pace changes
- Right turn; minimum 15 paces right turn, minimum 15 paces about turn
- Go about 7 paces stop (dog should sit)
- Look at judge, to continue
- Go about 7 paces left turn
- Go to group go around 2 people figure 8 (left and right)

No BH required

- Stop close to a person. Dog sits, On Judges signal Heel out of group,
- Back to start marker. Facing down the field,

On Judges Signal **remove leash (Off leash)**

- Heel / Fuss out straight 50 paces then about turn.
- Heel / Fuss normal 10-15 paces
- Change to fast (run) 10-15 paces
- Change to slow 10-15 paces
- Change to normal pace 10-15 paces Stop, look to judge, *Back to start position*
- **Note:** you can use command Heel/Fuss at each pace changes

Sit out of Motion 10 pts Commands: "Fuss" / "Heel" – "Sitz" / "Sit"

- Take up basic position
- On Judges signal Heel / Fuss 10-15 paces
- Sit your dog (see note below)
- Go another 15 paces stop turn around face your dog
- On Judges signal return to your dog.
- Take up basic position

Down with Recall: 10 pts Commands: "Fuss" / "Heel", "Platz" / "Down" and "Hier" / "Come" OR dog's name, "Fuss" / "Heel"

Depending on field size, keep going or return to start position

- Take up basic position
- On Judges signal Heel / Fuss 10-15 paces
- Command to down (see note below)
- Go another 30 paces stop turn around face your dog
- On Judges signal call you dog (hier /come or name/ (only one))

- Dog in front wait 3 sec. finish to the basic position

**After the recall Dog in basic position.

Replace your leash**

LONG DOWN (Down under Distraction) 10 pts Commands: "Platz" / "Down", "Sitz" / "Sit"

- Heel to the long down marker,
- Dog sits. look at judge, remove leash on signal.
- Say down / platz your dog on judges signal
- Walk away to designated spot (about 30 paces.) back to the dog
- On Judges signal return to your dog
- Dog is still down stand in basic position tell dog to sit. (3 sec,)
- Replace leash.
- (if last dog. report out to judge, if first dog do heeling routine)

(40 points)

TRAFFIC/SAFETY TEST

ENCOUNTER WITH A GROUP OF PEOPLE

On the judge's request the handler and the dog walk along a designated stretch of the sidewalk. The dog is on a leash.

- ENCOUNTER WITH BICYCLISTS
- ENCOUNTER WITH CARS
- ENCOUNTER WITH JOGGERS OR INLINE SKATERS
- ENCOUNTER WITH OTHER DOGS
- BEHAVIOUR OF THE LEASHED DOG TOWARD OTHER ANIMALS
- WHEN LEFT ALONE IN TRAFFIC FOR A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME

“Dogs must be able to be touched. At any time at the discretion of the judge the dog may be approached and/or touched.”

IGP

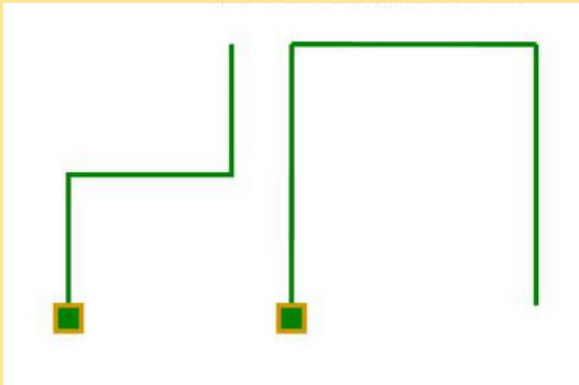
IGP 1 Tracking

- Handler-laid
- minimum 300 paces
- 3 legs, 2 corners (about 90 degrees)
- 3 articles – laid on judges instruction:
 - 1st article – 1st leg
 - 2nd article – 2nd leg
 - 3rd article – end of track
- aged: 20 minutes (at least)
- track must be completed in 15 minutes

Points:

- Following the track – 79 points
- articles – 3 x 7 pt – 21 points
- total – 100 pts

Possible layout (may be to left or right)



IGP 1 Obedience

Obedience 15 pts Commands: “Fuss” / “Heel”

- In start position, on Judges signal (off Leash)

Breeding Disposition Test (BDT)ZAP

In order to successfully pass the BDT, the dog must achieve the following percentages of the BDT requirements in the following sections:

BDT Tracking.

Exercise requirements:

Own track, at least 200 paces, 2 legs, 1 angle (90°), 2 objects belonging to the handler (utility objects, inconspicuous in color, with a max. size of 5 x 10 cm), at least 20 minutes old, finishing time 15 min.

A voice command for: ‘search’

The voice command for ‘search’ is permitted at the beginning of tracking and when restarting after the first object or after a wrong find.

At the end of the discussion in the sections scent detection, object work and tracking disposition, the assessor only gives the mark ‘pass’ or ‘fail’.

Assessment weighting Nose work tracking variant

**Scent detection 10% Finding and indicating 20%
Tracing disposition/work 70%**

At least 50% must be achieved to pass the exercise.

BDT Tracking variant Exercise requirements:

A search area of 20 x 30 meters, walked by several people, 2 objects belonging to the handler (utility objects, inconspicuous in color, with a max. size of 5 x 10 cm), uniform material permitted, 1 object on the left, 1 object on the right, search time 10 minutes.

- Heel / Fuss out straight 50+- paces then about turn.
- **Note:** 2-gun shots after 15+- paces
- Heel / Fuss normal 10-15 paces
- Change to fast (run) 10-15 paces
- Change to slow 10-15 paces
- Change to normal pace 10-15 paces
- **Note:** you can use command heel/fuss at pace changes
- Right turn minimum 15 paces right turn, minimum. 15 paces about turn
- Go about 7 paces stop (dog should sit)
- Look at judge, to continue
- Start, go about 7 paces left turn
- Go to group go around 2 people figure 8 (left and right)
- Stop close to a person. look at judge to continue
- Heel / Fuss back to start position

Sit out of Motion 10 pts Commands: “Fuss” / “Heel” – “Sitz” / “Sit”

- Take up basic position
- On Judges signal Heel / Fuss 10-15 paces
- Command to sit
- Go another 15 paces stop turn around face your dog
- On Judges signal return to your dog.
- Take up basic position
-

Down with Recall: 10 pts Commands: “Fuss” / “Heel”, “Platz” / “Down” and “Hier” / “Come” OR dog’s name, “Fuss” / “Heel” Depending on field size, keep going or return to start position

- Take up basic position
- On Judges signal Heel / Fuss 10-15 paces
- Command to down / platz

Voice and visual commands are permitted. The voice command ‘lost’ may be supplemented by the voice command ‘search’.

At the end of the discussion in the sections search work detection, search disposition and object work, the assessor only gives the mark ‘pass’ or ‘fail’.

Assessment weighting Nose work search variant

Search work detection 10% Finding and indicating 50% Search disposition/work 40%

At least 50% must be achieved to pass the exercise

BDT Obedience

Examination of shot indifference Exercise 1 Free pursuit

Exercise 2 Sitting while in movement Exercise 3 Sit and approach

Exercise 4 Fetching on level ground

Exercise 5 Climbing jumps over a 160 cm sloping wall

Exercise 6 Free jumps over a 100 cm hurdle

Exercise 7 Down with encounter

Examination of shot indifference:

The handler goes to the place with their dog on leash and reports to the assessor. On command, the handler goes with their dog to a predetermined position. The dog is to stand on a loose leash. Two shots (6 mm) are fired an interval of at least 3 seconds at a distance of 10 meters.

Exercise 1 Free pursuit:

In addition to two changes of gait, two U-turns, two right turns and one left turn are to be shown according to the prescribed pattern. The team must also show its demonstration in a moving group of people.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: ‘heel’ at the start and at the changes of gait.

Exercise 2 Sitting while in movement:

The team is to demonstrate a 10-15 step development from the initial basic position. The handler then gives the voice command ‘sit’ while the

- Go another 30 paces stop turn around face your dog
- On Judges signal, call you dog (hier /come or name/ (only one))
- Dog in front wait 3 sec. finish to the basic position.
- On Judges signal heel to dumbbells / jumps
- Heel to the dumbbells. Take the small dumbbell (650 g.)

Retrieve on the Flat: 15 pts Commands: "Bring" / "Fetch", "Aus" / "Out", "Fuss" / "Heel"

- Heel to the designated spot for the retrieve on the flat.
- On Judges signal, throw the dumbbell.
- Dumbbell must be thrown approx. 10 meters away
- If you move a leg to toss the dumbbell Pause 3 sec,
- Once dumbbell has stopped rolling send your dog to retrieve.
- Dog returns sitting in front pause 3 sec, take dumbbell (out) hold in right hand
- pause 3 sec, finish. to the basic position. On Judges signal
- Heel to 1-meter jump.

Retrieve over the 1m hurdle 15 pts Commands: "Hopp" / "Jump", "Bring" / "Fetch", "Aus" / "Out", "Fuss" / "Heel"

- Set up no less then 4 meters from the jump
- On Judges signal, Throw the dumbbell over the 1m jump
- (about 4 meters past the jump)
- Pause 3 sec. tell dog to jump then when in motion tell dog to bring

dog is in movement and moves a further 15 paces away from the dog and turns around directly. The dog must move directly and calmly towards the given position when it hears the voice command. The dog must remain in its position calmly until it is collected again on the assessor's command.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: 'heel', 'down'.

Exercise 3 Sit and approach:

The team is to demonstrate a 10-15 step development from the initial basic position. The handler then gives the voice command for 'down' while moving, moves a further 30 paces away from the dog and turns around directly. The dog is to lay down directly on hearing the voice command. The dog must remain calmly in this position until, on the assessor's command, it is called away by the handler's voice command for 'ap- proach'. The dog must run happily and directly to the handler, sit up straight and then change to the final basic position on hearing the voice command.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: 'heel', 'down', 'approach', 'go to basic position'.

Exercise 4 Fetching on level ground:

The handler throws a 650 g fetching stick or an object belonging to the handler (approx. 20-30 cm long, approx. 4 cm in diameter, e.g. a bringsel, no balls!) approx. 10 meters with their dog sitting calmly in the initial basic position. A lunge is permitted. On hearing the voice command, the dog must pick up the object, take it to the handler and sit in front of them. After the object is accepted, on hearing the voice command, the dog must change to the final basic position.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: 'fetch', 'hand over object', 'go to basic position'

Exercise 5 Climbing jumps over a 160 cm sloping wall:

The handler uses the voice command 'sit' to put their dog in the initial basic position at a distance of at

- Dog returns with dumbbell, sits in front wait 3 sec. take dumbbell (out)
- Pause 3 sec. finish. to the basic position. On Judges signal
- Heel and return dumbbell to stand.

Climbing over the scaling wall 15 pts

Commands: "Hopp" / "Jump" ,Hier /come , "Fuss" / "Heel"

- Heel to angle wall
- Take up designated spot. **From basic position on Judges signal leave your dog. (sit)**
- **Go to other side of the angle wall. (4 m from jump)**
- **On Judges signal call your dog,**
- **(jump command, Over / hopp or name and front command (here)**
- **Once in front pause 3 sec then finish. to the basic position,**
- On Judges signal
- Heel to obedience start position.

Send out with Down: 10 pts Commands:

"Fuss" / "Heel", "Voraus" / "Go Out", "Platz" / "Down", "Sitz" / "Sit"

- On Judges signal
- Heel out 10-15 paces and send your dog out
- once dog is sent, handler can raise one arm. (point direction)
- Dog must run out straight about 30 meters on Judges signal
- Down your dog.
- On Judges signal go to your dog,
- Dog still down stand beside your dog, on Judges signal sit your dog.
- On Judges signal, Heel to long down if first dog or report out

least 4 meters in front of the sloping wall, and then moves to the other side of the sloping wall.

On hearing the voice command, the dog must then demonstrate a climbing jump over the sloping wall. The dog sits and changes to the final basic position when it hears the voice command. The return jump follows in the same way. The dog is leashed.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: 'climb', 'sit', 'go to basic position'.

Exercise 6 Free jumps over a 100 cm hurdle:

The handler uses the voice command 'sit' to put their dog in the initial basic position at a distance of at least 4 meters in front of the hurdle, and then moves to the other side of the hurdle. On hearing the voice command, the dog must then demonstrate a jump over the hurdle. The dog sits and changes to the final basic position when it hears the voice command. The re- turn jump is then conducted in the same way. The dog is leashed.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: 'jump', 'sit', 'go to basic position'.

Exercise 7 Down with encounter:

The handler goes with their dog on leash to the designated down position, lays it down with a voice command and secures the dog with the attached safety line. The handler moves to the designated position at a distance of at least 30 paces. The handler must remain with their back to the dog. After 3 minutes, a neutral person crosses past the dog at a distance of 5 meters, remains briefly on the line of sight between it and the handler and then continues. After a further 2 minutes, the handler picks up their dog on the as- sessor's command. On command, the handler puts the prone dog in the final basic position with a voice command and leashes it.

Voice commands: one voice command each for: 'down', 'go to basic position'.

Overall obedience assessment

For the BDT, the overall impression of all exercises in obedience should be described in four individual assessments in the form of adjectives. These are:

Long Down 10 pts Commands: "Platz" / "Down", "Sitz" / "Sit"

- Heel/fuss to long down marker
- On Judges signal. down your dog pause 3 sec. move forward about 30 paces as directed by the Judge. Stop and keep back to your dog.
- On Judges signal return to your dog
- Stand next to your dog on Judges signal sit your dog. Heel forward about 30 paces and stop while other handler does his send out.
- Report out to judge or move to obedience start position.

IPG 1 Protection

Search for helper 5 pts Commands: "Vorán" / "Go On" or "Revier" / "Search", "Hier" / "Come"

- Check in to judge on leash or as directed
- Proceed to center line facing downfield in line with blind 6.
- Take up basic position, remove leash,
- Raise you arm to let the judge know your ready. Face blind 6 with dog,
- send dog to blind 6
- handler to remain standing until he receives an instruction from the judge to approach the dog for the call out or pickup.

Hold and Bark: 15 pts (10 pts for hold 5 pts for bark) Commands: (completion) "Hier Fuss" / "Come Heel", "Platz" / "Down"

- Dog to hold and bark for 20+- sec. judge will signal you to come to the blind.

team- work, execution/technique, fetching performance and jumping ability.

In the assessment, the focus is on the dog's basic abilities and dispositions when interacting with its handler. That means: how does the dog work with the handler, how is its technique, how does the dog fetch and how does the dog jump.

In the assessment, the following criteria are weighted as follows:

Assessment weighting Obedience

Teamwork 25%

Performance + technique 25%

Fetch

Jumps 25%

At least 50% must be achieved to pass the exercise.

BDT Positioning, guarding and defense exercise section

Exercise 1 Patrol for the helper

Exercise 2 Cornering and barking

Exercise 3 Handling under stress

Exercise 4 Ambush on handler

Exercise 5 Confrontation at a distance

General regulations:

A hiding spot for barking and a hiding spot for the ambush on the handler are to be provided in a suitable place. The necessary markings are to be determined by the assessor.

Security helper/security clothing

The helper must be equipped with a protective suit, protection sleeve and soft stick. The helper may only work when instructed by the assessor. The handler is

- To the marked spot. About 5 paces in front of the blind.
- On signal from judge
 - Call dog from the blind to basic position **or**
 - Pick -up; move to the dog take up basic position command dog to sit. either; put on leash or without leash, heel dog back to basic position; marked area, in front of blind 6

Prevention of an attempted escape of the helper 20 pts Commands: “Fuss” / “Heel”, “Platz” / “Down”, “Aus” / “Out”

- On Judges signal, tell helper to step out of the blind;
- The helper will move to his spot.
- On Judges signal heel to the escape marked position.
- On leash – at the marker, dog sits remove leash, down your dog.
- Off Leash – at the marker, dog sits, down your dog.
- The handler returns to the blind and remains there with a view on the dog and the Judge. The Judge signals the helper to escape.
- At Judges signal; As helper escapes the handler must command the dog to prevent the escape
- Dog should engage the helper at a run. When helper stops, out your dog.

Defense against an attack from the guarding phase 30 pts Command: “Aus” / “Out”

- After guarding, helper attacks dog , dog should engage, and is driven by the helper and receives 2 stick threats
- After the drive helper stops out your dog, dog should guard (bark and hold)

free to decide on the manner in which they remove the soft stick from the helper during disarming.

One or two helpers may be used during BDT tests. The same helper(s) must be used for all handlers within a BDT. A single change of helper is permitted if the helper is themselves an active dog handler at the event.

Exercise 1 Patrol for the helper:

Starting in the basic position on the imaginary center line, the handler takes their dog off leash and sends it in the direction of the helper’s hiding spot with a voice command and a visual command.

Voice command: one voice command for: ‘patrol’

Exercise 2 Cornering and barking:

The dog must corner the helper as soon as it finds them. At the same time, the dog must bark at the helper. On the assessor’s command, the handler fetches or calls the dog to put it back on leash.

Voice command: one voice command for: ‘approach’, ‘heel’.

Exercise 3 Handling under stress:

On the assessor’s command, the handler proceeds with their dog on leash from the barking hiding spot to the marked position for the start of transport. The course of transport is determined by the assessor. The transport is first carried out with the dog on leash to a ground marker about 25 paces away from the am- bush point. There, the handler puts the dog back in its basic position and unleashes it. The handler may hang the leash over their shoulders or put it in their pocket. Further transport it conducted with the dog following freely in the direction of the ambush point.

Voice command: one voice command for: ‘heel’

Exercise 4 Ambush on handler:

When the team is about 7 paces away from the ambush point, on the assessor’s command, the helper ambushes the handler. On its own and without the handler’s assistance, the dog must thwart the am-

- On Judges signal approach your dog
- Standing beside your dog command to sit. Replace leash.
- Heel down the field for the long attack.
- **Note:** you may also heel down the field OFF Leash.

Attack on the dog out of motion 30

pts Commands: "Vorán" / "Go on", "Aus" / "Out", "Fuss" / "Heel"

- Heeling about 30 meters from the helper down the field (on or off leash)
- Once at the designated spot, turn and face the helper, dog in basic position command to sit, (remove leash if using)
- You may hold the collar, on Judges signal helper first, then the dog handler, release the dog with a command, dog engages, helper drives dog, when helper stops out your dog. (dog should guard (hold and bark))
- On Judges signal, handler returns to his dog, to basic position (command sit)
- May replace leash (or not)
- Take up position next to the helper for side transport, disarm helper (take stick.) (dog between helper and handler)
- Heel / transport to the Judge about 20 paces, command to heel or transport.
- Basic position in front of judge, hand over padded stick to judge, report out, i.e. "Jane and Rex, IGP 1 Protection completed."
- On Judge's direction go to area to either replace leash, and or go to area of critique.

bush. The helper must push the dog in a straight line for about 15 paces. The dog must withstand two sticks during the exercise. On hearing the voice command, the dog must release the helper and guard them until it is retrieved.

Voice command: one voice command for: 'release', 'heel'

Exercise 5 Confrontation at a distance:

The handler proceeds with their dog on leash to the starting position for retrieving. The dog must be attentive to the helper. The dog may be held by the collar in the basic position, but must not be stimulated by the handler.

On the assessor's command, the helper comes out of cover, walks to the imaginary center line and then makes a frontal attack on the dog handler at a run. At a distance of 40 paces, the handler, on the assessor's command, releases their dog with a voice command. The dog must thwart the attack by the helper. During the stress phase, the dog must remain unimpressed. The helper stops on the assessor's command. After the helper has been stopped, the dog must release on voice command. The dog must then guard the helper. On the assessor's command, the handler walks directly to their dog at a normal pace, puts it in the basic position and puts its leash on. The soft stick is taken from the helper. A short sideways transport of the helper to the assessor follows. The group stops in front of the assessor, the handler hands over the soft stick to the assessor and announces the end of the positioning, guarding and defense exercise section.

Voice command: one voice command for: 'release', 'heel'

Overall assessment

Cornering, barking and defense exercises

In the assessment, it is important to describe the dog with accurate adjectives in the five assessment fields. The assessor additionally converts the adjective based assessment for the individual items into an internal numerical score for the purpose of statistical evaluation. No points are awarded. Instead, the working method and disposition of the dog are described. The focus is on the dog's basic abilities and dispositions when interacting with its handler.

This means: how does the dog work when cornering and barking, how is its defensive behavior when the handler is ambushed and how does the dog present itself when confronting at a distance, how is its grip behavior and how easy is the dog to handle under stress.

In the assessment, the following five criteria are weighted as follows:

Assessment weighting Defense exercises

Handling 10% Cornering and guarding 20% Ambush on handler 30% Confrontation at a distance 20% Grip behavior 20%

At least 60% must be achieved to pass the exercise.

Termination/disqualification

If a dog fails a defense exercise or allows itself to be displaced, the cornering, guarding and defense exercises section is to be terminated.

If a dog fails to release on the second additional voice command during a defense exercise or bites the helper outside the protection sleeve, the team is to be disqualified.

At the conclusion of the discussion, a 'pass'/'fail' rating is given.